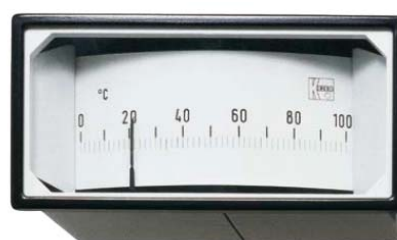




# Operating Instructions for Nitrogen Filled Thermometers Model: TNS / TNF



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## **2. Note**

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Please read these operating instructions before unpacking and putting the unit into operation. Follow the instructions precisely as described herein.

The instruction manuals on our website [www.kobold.com](http://www.kobold.com) are always for currently manufactured version of our products. Due to technical changes, the instruction manuals available online may not always correspond to the product version you have purchased. If you need an instruction manual that corresponds to the purchased product version, you can request it from us free of charge by email ([info.de@kobold.com](mailto:info.de@kobold.com)) in PDF format, specifying the relevant invoice number and serial number. If you wish, the operating instructions can also be sent to you by post in paper form against an applicable postage fee.

Operating instructions, data sheet, approvals and further information via the QR code on the device or via [www.kobold.com](http://www.kobold.com)

The devices are only to be used, maintained and serviced by persons familiar with these operating instructions and in accordance with local regulations applying to Health & Safety and prevention of accidents.

When used in machines, the measuring unit should be used only when the machines fulfil the EC-machine guidelines.

## **3. Instrument Inspection**

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Instruments are inspected before shipping and sent out in perfect condition.

Should damage to a device be visible, we recommend a thorough inspection of the delivery packaging. In case of damage, please inform your parcel service / forwarding agent immediately, since they are responsible for damages during transit.

### **Scope of delivery:**

The standard delivery includes:

- Nitrogen Filled Thermometer, model: TNS/TNF

## **4. Regulation Use**

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Any use of the Nitrogen Filled Thermometer, model: TNS/TNF, which exceeds the manufacturer's specifications, may invalidate its warranty. Therefore, any resulting damage is not the responsibility of the manufacturer. The user assumes all risk for such usage.

## 5. Operating Principle

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The measuring system of the gas pressure thermometer comprises probe, capillary tube and Bourdon tube in a casing. These parts form a unit. The complete measuring system is filled with pressurised nitrogen. A change in temperature causes a change in inner pressure in the immersion shaft. The resulting deflection of the Bourdon tube is transferred to the pointer through a pointer element.

For the model TNF, the display and probe are connected by a capillary tube separated by a distance up to 100 m.

A version filled with glycerine is available as an option for service at measuring points exposed to strong vibrations. The fill dampens the measuring system when exposed to mechanical vibrations and thus enables steady indication; it also provides good lubrication for moving parts.

We recommend our robust aluminium casing for rough field service conditions.

These thermometers can also be used with aggressive measuring substances when fitted with a suitable thermowell.

## 6. Electrical Connection (optional)

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### 6.1. Contacts

(only for case diameters 100 and 160 mm)

#### Description

Electromechanical and electronic limit monitors serve to open and close electrical switching circuits depending on the position of the instrument display. They are suitable for fitting in casings with 100, 160 mm Ø.

**The limit values** are adjusted from outside with a setting lock. The limit monitor is set with a detachable key to the value at which the switching operation is to be carried out.

**The construction of the limit** monitor is such that the instrument can continue operating past the setting pointer after successful contact operation.

**The maximum setting** range is approximately 270 degrees. Ambient temperatures of -20 °C to +70 °C have no effect on the reliability performance.

We strongly recommend the use of our contact protection relays in applications with high breaking capacities or vibrations, or for service in damping liquids (oil). These relays have been specially designed for electromechanical limit monitors and their use is mandatory.

The following contacts are available:

- Slow-action contacts
- Magnetic spring contacts
- Inductive contacts

**6.1.1. Magnetic spring contacts**

Magnetic spring contacts are suitable for service under almost all operating conditions. They are almost completely insensitive to vibrations. The contact pin carrier of the setting pointer is fitted with an adjustable magnet which pulls in the wiper shortly before the set value is reached. Arcing is thus avoided and the pin is prevented from being scorched. Because the magnetic force becomes effective during the switching operation with this construction, the setting pointer must be advanced or retarded by a differential gap of approximately 3–6% of full-scale value.

Switching voltage: max. 250 VAC/VDC  
Breaking capacity: max. 30 W/50 VA  
Switching current: max. 0.6 A  
with standard contact material silver-nickel (Ag 80 Ni20)

Others on request.

**6.1.2. Slow-action contacts**

These contacting devices switch free of delay in the same way as the motion of the actual-value pointer. They should be used where no contact loading is required and the instruments are not exposed to vibrations. Due to sparking, the contacting devices should not be used where there is a danger of explosion. Care should also be taken that the contacting devices are not exposed to the effects of aggressive vapours.

Switching voltage: max. 250 VAC/VDC  
Breaking capacity: max. 10 watt / 18 VA  
Switching current: max. 0.6 A

with standard contact material silver-nickel (Ag 80 Ni20)

### 6.1.3. Inductive contacts according to DIN 19234 (Namur)

The inductive contact device comprises mainly the control head (initiator) attached to the setpoint pointer with its completely assembled encapsulated electronics and mechanical assembly with moving control vane. The control vane is moved by the instrument pointer (setpoint pointer). The control head is supplied with DC voltage.

When the control vane is immersed in the air gap of the control head, its inner resistance increases (damped condition, the initiator is high-resistive). The resulting change in current intensity is the input signal for the switching amplifier in the control unit.

Inductive contacts are suitable for service where explosion protection and high reliability and switching rate, that is, long service life, are required.








Advantages of the inductive contact device:

- Long service life with non-contact switching
- Negligible reaction on the display
- Insensitive to aggressive environments (encapsulated electronics)
- Explosion protection, with control unit for service in zone 1 and 2 areas







Nominal voltage: 8 V<sub>DC</sub> (R<sub>i</sub> = 1 kΩ)

## 6.2. Switching Function of Contacts

### Magnetic spring contacts/slow-action contacts

Limit monitor with one contact			
Switching operation	Switching function (when the limit value is exceeded)	Order code Magnetic spring contact	Order code Slow-action contact
	Contact closes	..M10	..S10..
	Contact opens	..M20	..S20..
	Contact switches over, that is, contact opens contact closes	..M30	..S30..
Limit monitor with two contacts			
	First and second contact closes	..M11	..S11..
	1. Contact closes 2. Contact opens	..M12	..S12..
	1. Contact opens 2. Contact closes	..M21	..S21..
	First and second contact opens	..M22	..S22..

### Inductive contacts

Limit monitor with one contact			
Switching operation	When the thermometer pointer moves clockwise and when the set limit value is exceeded it causes the following action:	Control action	Order code inductive contact
	moves the control vane out of the control head	Control circuit is closed	..I10..
	moves the control vane into the control head	Control circuit is opened	..I20..
Limit monitor with two contacts			
	moves the control vane of the first and second contact out of the control head	Control circuits are closed	..I11..
	moves the control vane of the first contact out of the control head - moves the control vane of the second contact into the control head	Control circuits are closed	..I12..
	moves the control vane of the first contact into the control head - moves the control vane of the second contact out of the control head	First control circuit opens Second control circuit closes	..I21..
	moves the control vane of the first and second contact into the control head	Control circuits are opened	..I22..

Up to three contacts (up to four contacts in the aluminium case) can be delivered upon request. The devices are delivered with lateral connecting box as standard. Other connectors upon request.

## 7. Installation

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Care must be taken to ensure that the bulb is not damaged during installation. Do not attempt to bend bulb. The sensing bulb should be totally immersed in the medium which is being measured. If a thermowell is being used, the heat transfer delay can be improved by filling the thermowell with heat transfer substance (i.e. graphite). When fitting bulb into a thermowell it is essential the bulb is not forced against the bottom of the thermowell when tightening the nut. This can lead to increase in pressure within the bulb and cause incorrect readings. The bulb should be inserted into the thermowell until it bottoms and then withdrawn approximately 5 mm before tightening compression nut to hand tight plus quarter turn.

Check capillary is correct length by laying along proposed route. Never attempt to stretch capillary as this will lead to fracture of the system.

The capillary should be securely supported and clipped to wall or other solid surface and must be free from buckling and twists and have a minimum bending radius of 60 mm. Particular care should be taken at the points where the capillary enters the case and the bulb. Excess capillary should be coiled and arranged in free swinging loops between the last fixing point and the bulb.

Do not tighten instrument into the system by grasping the case, as any distortion created will lead to calibration errors.

Instrument heads should be mounted in the vertical position unless otherwise agreed with the manufacturer.

## 8. Maintenance and Storage

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The function of the gauge does not require any special maintenance procedures but frequent checks must be made to ensure that the instrument is still working correctly and accurately. Any shift in temperature readings greater than twice the tolerance of the instrument must be investigated and the immediate replacement of the gauge if it is faulty.

Instruments should be stored in dry, clean conditions and care should be taken to ensure the ambient temperature does not exceed or fall below the measuring range of the instruments.

They must be protected against any impact damage.



## **9. Technical Information**

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Operating instructions, data sheet, approvals and further information via the QR code on the device or via [www.kobold.com](http://www.kobold.com)

## **10. Order Codes**

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Operating instructions, data sheet, approvals and further information via the QR code on the device or via [www.kobold.com](http://www.kobold.com)

## **11. Dimensions**

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Operating instructions, data sheet, approvals and further information via the QR code on the device or via [www.kobold.com](http://www.kobold.com)

## 12. Disposal

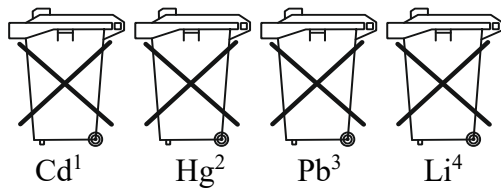
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### **Note!**

- Avoid environmental damage caused by media-contaminated parts
- Dispose of the device and packaging in an environmentally friendly manner
- Comply with applicable national and international disposal regulations and environmental regulations.

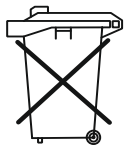
### **Batteries**

Batteries containing pollutants are marked with a sign consisting of a crossed-out garbage can and the chemical symbol (Cd, Hg, Li or Pb) of the heavy metal that is decisive for the classification as containing pollutants:



1. „Cd" stands for cadmium
2. „Hg" stands for mercury
3. „Pb" stands for lead
4. „Li" stands for lithium

### **Electrical and electronic equipment**



### **13. EU Declaration of Conformance**

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We, KOBOLD Messring GmbH, Hofheim-Ts, Germany, declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

**Nitrogen Filled Thermometers**

**Model: TNS-.../TNF-...**

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the standards noted below:

**2011/65/EU**

**RoHS** (category 9)

Additional for Thermometers with contact

**TNS-..S/M/I and TNF-..S/M/I**

**EN 60947-1:2015**

Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 1: General rules

Also, the following EC guidelines are fulfilled:

**2014/30/EU**

**EMC Directive**

**2014/35/EU**

**Low Voltage Directive**

Hofheim, 21 Nov. 2019



H. Peters  
General Manager



M. Wenzel  
Proxy Holder