

# **Operating Instructions**

# for

# **Digital Indicator and Controller**

## for Panel Mounting

Model: DAG-M3T



We don't accept warranty and liability claims neither upon this publication nor in case of improper treatment of the described products.

The document may contain technical inaccuracies and typographical errors. The content will be revised on a regular basis. These changes will be implemented in later versions. The described products can be improved and changed at any time without prior notice.

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## 2. Note

Please read these operating instructions before unpacking and putting the unit into operation. Follow the instructions precisely as described herein.

The instruction manuals on our website <u>www.kobold.com</u> are always for currently manufactured version of our products. Due to technical changes, the instruction manuals available online may not always correspond to the product version you have purchased. If you need an instruction manual that corresponds to the purchased product version, you can request it from us free of charge by email (<u>info.de@kobold.com</u>) in PDF format, specifying the relevant invoice number and serial number. If you wish, the operating instructions can also be sent to you by post in paper form against an applicable postage fee.

Operating instructions, data sheet, approvals and further information via the QR code on the device or via <u>www.kobold.com</u>

The devices are only to be used, maintained and serviced by persons familiar with these operating instructions and in accordance with local regulations applying to Health & Safety and prevention of accidents.

When used in machines, the measuring unit should be used only when the machines fulfil the EC machinery directive.

## 3. Instrument Inspection

Instruments are inspected before shipping and sent out in perfect condition. Should damage to a device be visible, we recommend a thorough inspection of the delivery packaging. In case of damage, please inform your parcel service / forwarding agent immediately, since they are responsible for damages during transit.

## Scope of delivery:

The standard delivery includes:

• Digital Indicator and Controller model: DAG-M3T

## 4. Regulation Use

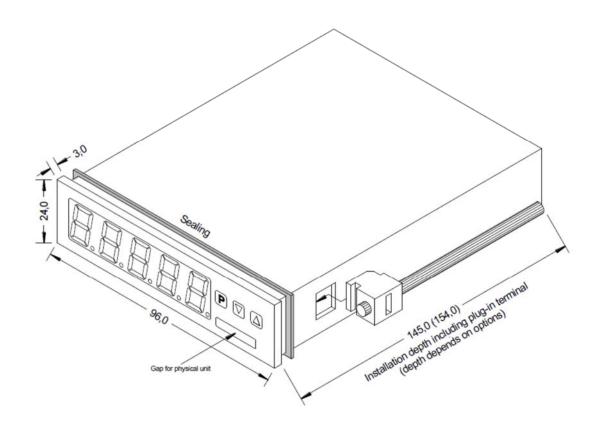
Any use of the device, which exceeds the manufacturer's specification, may invalidate its warranty. Therefore, any resulting damage is not the responsibility of the manufacturer. The user assumes all risk for such usage.

## 5. Brief description

The panel meter instrument DAG-M3T is a 5-digit device for Thermocouple and a visual threshold value monitoring via the display. The configuration happens via four keys at the front. The integrated programming interlock prevents unrequested changes of parameters and can be unlocked again with an individual code. Optional available is one analogue output for further evaluating in the unit. With help of the two galvanic isolated setpoints (optional), free adjustable limit values can be controlled and reported to a superior master display. The electrical connection is done via plug-in terminals on the back side. Selectable functions like e.g. the recall of the min/max-value, a direct threshold value regulation during operation mode, complete the modern device concept.

## 6. Assembly

Please read the Safety advices on page 28 before installation and keep this user manual for future reference.



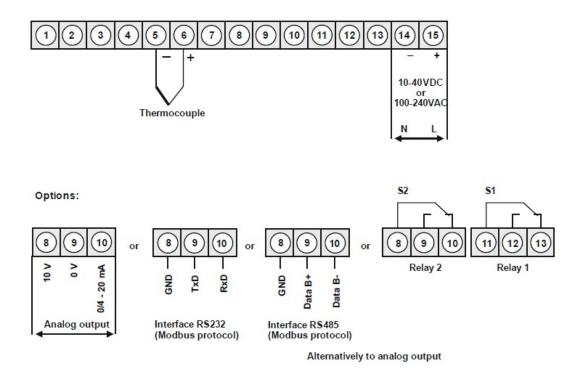
- 1. After removing the fixing elements, insert the device.
- 2. Check the seal to make sure it fits securely.
- 3. Click the fixing elements back into place and tighten the clamping screws by hand. Then use a screwdriver to tighten them another half a turn.

## CAUTION! The torque should not exceed 0.1 Nm!

# The dimension symbols can be exchanged before installation via a channel on the side!

## 7. Electrical connection

Type DAG-M3T8000R supply 100-240 VAC 50/60 Hz, DC  $\pm 10\%$  Type DAG-M3T7000R supply 10-40 VDC galv. isolated, 18-30 VAC 50/60 Hz



## 8. Function description and operation

### Operation

The operation is divided into three different levels.

### Menu level (delivery status)

This level is for the standard settings of the device. Only menu items which are sufficient to set the device into operation are displayed. To get into the professional level, run through the menu level and parameterize "**prof**" under menu item **RUN**.

### Menu group level (complete function volume)

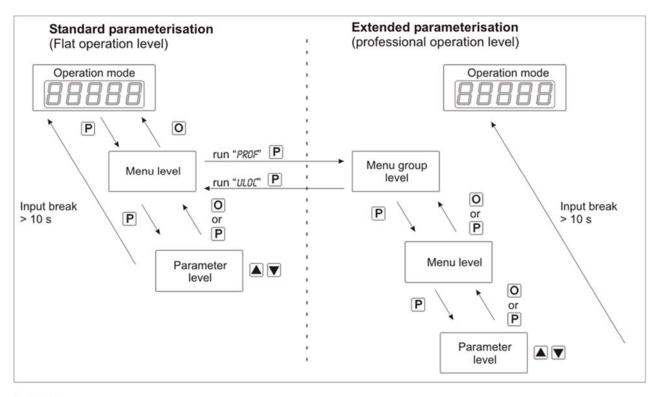
Suited for complex applications as e.g. linkage of alarms, setpoint treatment, totalizer function etc. In this level function groups which allow an extended parameterization of the standard settings are available. To leave the menu group level, run through this level and parameterize "**uloc**" under menu item **RUN**.

### Parameterization level

Parameter deposited in the menu item can here be parameterized. Functions, that can be changed or adjusted, are always signalized by a flashing of the display. Settings that are made in the parameterization level are confirmed with **[P]** and thus saved. By pressing the **[0]-key** it leads to a break-off of the value input and to a change into the menu level. All adjustments are saved automatically by the device and changes into operating mode, if no further key operation is done within the next 10 seconds.

Level	Key	Description
Menu-level	P	Change to parameterisation level and deposited values.
		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu level.
	0	Change into operation mode.
Description	P	To confirm the changes made at the parameterization level.
Parameterisation- level		Adjustment of the value / the setting.
	0	Change into menu level or break-off in value input.
	P	Change to menu level.
Menu-group-level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu group level.
	0	Change into operation mode or back into menu level.

### **Function chart:**



#### Underline:

- P Takeover
- O Stop
- Value selection (+)
- Value selection (-)

## 9. Setting up the device

## 9.1 Switching on

Once the installation is complete, you can start the device by applying the voltage supply. Before, check once again that all electrical connections are correct.

### **Starting sequence**

For 1 second during the switching-on process, the segment test **(8 8 8 8 8)** is displayed followed by an indication of the software type and, after that, also for 1 second the software version. After the starting sequence, the device switches to operation / display mode.

## 9.2 Standard parameterization (Flat operation level)

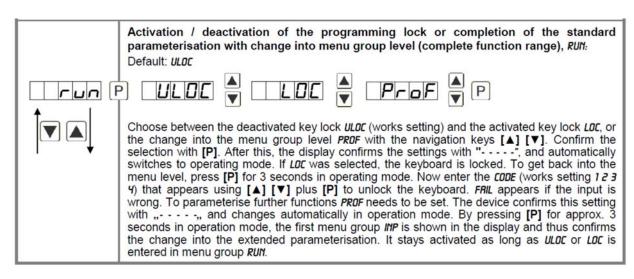
To parameterize the display, press the **[P] key** in operating mode for 1 second. The display then changes to the menu level with the first menu item **TYPE**.

Menu level	Parameterisation level
	Selection of the input signal, TYPE: Default: TYP.L
	I EYPL A EYPJ A EYPH A EYPF A P
	Available are 9 types of thermocouple as input options (L, J, K, B, S, N, E, T, R). Confirm the selection with <b>[P]</b> and the display switches back to menu level.
	Type of temperature metering UNIT: Default: ℃
	The temperature can be displayed in °C or in °F. Confirm the selection with <b>[P]</b> and the display switches back to menu level.
	Setting the decimal point, DDT: Default: D.D
	The decimal point on the display and the physical unit can be changed with $[\blacktriangle] [\lor]$ . If e.g. temperature measurement in °C is selected, then you can choose between 0°C and 0.0°C in the parameterisation level. Confirm with <b>[P]</b> , the display then switches back to the menu level again.
	Impedance matching, DDT: Default: D.D
	P 8 P 8 P 8 P 8 • P
	The value for the sensor calibration is selectable from the smallest to the highest digit with $[\blacktriangle]$ [ $\checkmark$ ] and confirmed with [P]. After the last digit the display switches back to the menu level again. The value calibration for a temperature measurement in °C can be adjusted between -20.0 and +20.0 and in °F between -36.0 and +36.0. If the type of the measurement is changed later, then the value is rounded.

Menu level	Parameterisation level
	Setting up the display time, <i>SEC</i> : Default: <i>1.0</i>
	The display time is set with [▲] [▼]. The display moves up in increments of 0.1 sec up to 1 sec and in increments of 1.0 sec up to 10.0 sec. Confirm the selection by pressing the [P] button. The display then switches back to the menu level again.
	Selection of analog output, <i>DUT.RR:</i> Default: <i>4-20</i>
	) ▲2 ▲2 ▲ P
	Three output signals are available: 0-10 VDC, 0-20 mA and 4-20 mA, with this function, the demanded signal is selected.
	Setting up the final value of the analog output, DUT.EN: Default: 900.0
Dut.En F	9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
	The final value is adjusted from the smallest digit to the highest digit with [▲] [▼] and digit by digit confirmed with [P]. A minus sign can only be parameterised on the highest digit. After the last digit, the device changes back into menu level.
	Setting up the initial value of the analog output, DUT.OF: Default: -200.0
	9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 8 9 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8
	The final value is adjusted from the smallest digit to the highest digit with [▲] [▼] and digit by digit confirmed with [P]. A minus sign can only be parameterised on the highest digit. After the last digit, the device changes back into menu level.
	Threshold values / Limits, <i>LI-1:</i> Default: <i>200.0</i>
	)
	This value defines the threshold, that activates/deactivates an alarm.
	Hysteresis for limit values, H9-1: Default: 0.0
	P P P P P P P P P P
	The delayed reaction of the alarm is the difference to the threshold value, which is defined by the hysteresis.

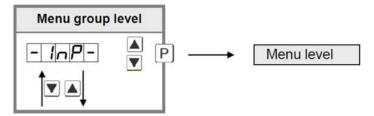
Menu level	Parameterisation level
<b>Fu-1</b> F	Function for threshold value undercut / exceedance, FU-1: Default: HIGH
	A limit value undercut is selected with <i>LDUU</i> (for LOW = lower limit value), a limit value exceedance with <i>HIGH</i> (for HIGH = higher limit value). If e.g. limit value 1 is on a threshold level of 100 and allocated with function <i>HIGH</i> , an alarm is activated by reaching of the threshold level. If the threshold value was allocated to <i>LDU</i> , an alarm will be activated by undercutting the threshold value, as long as the hysteresis is zero.
	The same applies to <i>LI-2</i> !
	User code (4-digit number-combination, free available), <i>U.CODE</i> : Default: <i>DODD</i>
Rede F	Master code (4-digit number-combination, free available), R.CODE:         Default: 1234         Image: Point in the problem in the pr

## 9.3 Programming interlock RUN



## 9.4 Extended parameterization (Professional operation level)

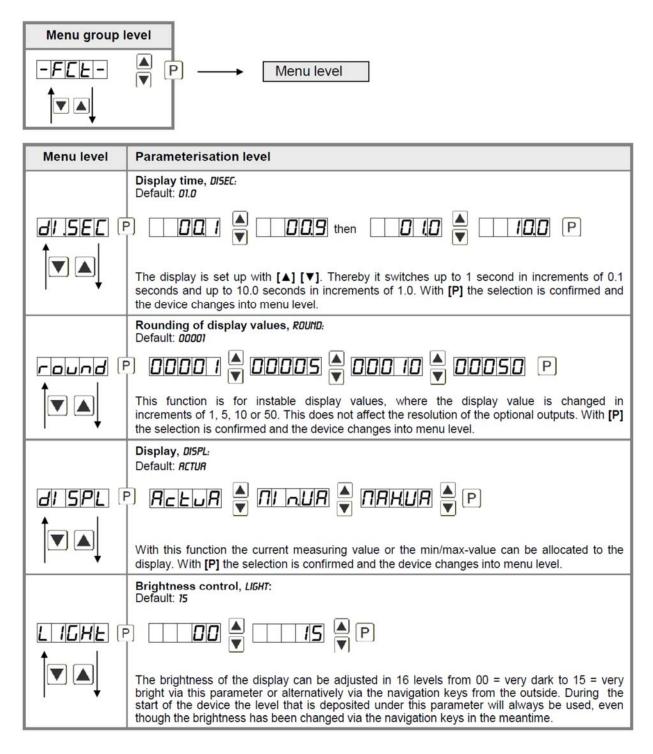
## 9.4.1 Signal input parameters



Menu level	Parameterisation level
	Selection of the input signal, TYPE: Default: TYP.L
	) Fabr 🖉 Fabr 🖉 Fabr 🖉 d
	Available are 9 types of thermocouple as input options (L, J, K, B, S, N, E, T, R). Confirm the selection with <b>[P]</b> and the display switches back to menu level.
	Type of temperature metering, UNIT: Default: ℃
	The temperature can be displayed in °C or in °F. Confirm the selection with <b>[P]</b> and the display switches back to menu level.
	Setting the decimal point, DDT: Default: D.D
	The decimal point on the display and the physical unit can be changed with $[\blacktriangle] [\lor]$ . If e.g. temperature measurement in °C is selected, then you can choose between 0°C and 0.0°C in the parameterisation level. Confirm with <b>[P]</b> , the display then switches back to the menu level again.
	Impedance matching, <i>D0T</i> : Default: <i>D.0</i>
	8 P 8 P 8 P 8 P 8 P
	The value for the sensor calibration is selectable from the smallest to the highest digit with $[\blacktriangle]$ and confirmed with $[P]$ . After the last digit the display switches back to the menu level again. The value calibration for a temperature measurement in °C can be adjusted between -20.0 and +20.0 and in °F between -36.0 and +36.0. If the type of the measurement is changed later, then the value is rounded.

Menu level	Parameterisation level
	Setting up the display time, <i>SEC</i> : Default: <i>1.0</i>
<b></b>	
	The display time is set with [▲] [▼]. The display moves up in increments of 0.1 sec up to 1 sec and in increments of 1.0 sec up to 10.0 sec. Confirm the selection by pressing the [P] button. The display then switches back to the menu level again.
	Device undercut, DI.UND: Default: -19999
<b>d .Und</b> [ ↑	? <b>8</b> P <b>8</b> P <b>8</b> P <b>8</b> ▼ P
	With this function the device undercut () can be defined on a definite value. Exception is input type <b>4-20 mA</b> , it already shows undercut at a signal <1 mA, so a sensor failure is marked.
	Display overflow, <i>DI.DUE:</i> Default: <i>99999</i>
<i>d 1.0∪E</i> ] [F	9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 • 9
	With this function the display overflow () can be defined on a definite value.
rEE	Back to menu group level, RET:
	With <b>[P]</b> the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level <b>INP_</b> ".

#### 9.4.2 General device parameters



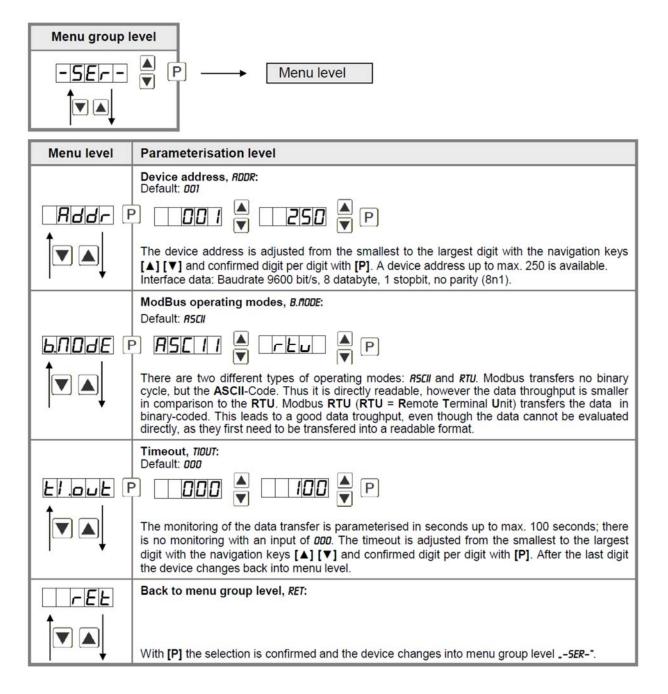
Menu level	Parameterisation level
	Display flashing, FLR5H: Default: NO
FLRSH	P I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
	RL-3 RL-4 RL34 RLAL P
	A display flashing can be added as additional alarm function either to single or to a combination of off-limit condition. With <i>ND</i> , no flashing is allocated.
	Assignment (deposit) of key functions, TR5T: Default: ND
	For the operation mode, special functions can be deposited on the navigation keys [ $\blacktriangle$ ] [ $\checkmark$ ], in particular this function is made for devices in housing size 48x24 which do not have a 4th key ([O]-key). If the min/max-memory is activated with <i>EHTR</i> , all measured min/max-values are safed during operation and can be recalled via the navigation keys. The values get lost by restart of the device. If the threshold value correction <i>L1.12</i> or <i>L1.34</i> is choosen, the values of the threshold can be changed during operation without disturbing the operating procedure. Under <i>L16HT</i> the brightness can be changed during operation. If <i>ND</i> is selected, the navigation keys are without any function in the operation mode.
- EL	Back to menu group level, <i>RET</i> :
	With <b>[P]</b> the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group levelFCT-".

## 9.4.3 Safety parameters

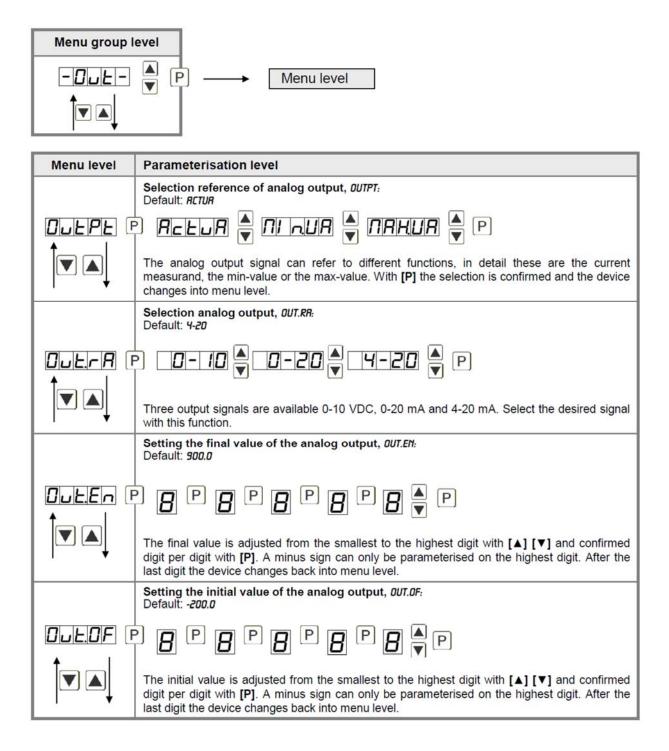
Menu group l	Menu group level	
-Cod- ÌV A	▲ P → Menu level	
Menu level	Parameterisation level	
	User code, U.CODE: Default: 0000	
↓ ↓ ↓		
	Via this code reduced sets of parameters can be set free. A change of the <i>U.CODE</i> can be done via the correct input of the <i>R.CODE</i> (master code).	
	Master code, R.CODE: Default: 1234	
REodE F	P P P P P P	
	By entering <b><i>R.CODE</i></b> the device will be unlocked and all parameters are released.	
	Release/lock analog output parameter, <i>OUT.LE:</i> Default: <i>RLL</i>	
	P I I DO V EN-OF V OULEO V I RLL V P	
	Analog output parameter can be locked or released for the user:	
	- At EN-OF the initial or final value can be changed in operation mode.	
	- At OUT.EO the output signal can be changed from e.g. 0-20 mA to 4-20 mA or 0-10 VDC.	
	- At <i>RLL</i> analog output parameters are released.	
	- At <i>no</i> all analog output parameters are locked.	
	Release/lock alarm parameters, <i>RL.LEU:</i> Default: <i>RLL</i>	
RLLEU F	PILIND VINIE VINIE VINIE VINIE VINIE VINIE	
	This parameter describes the user release/user lock of the alarm.	
	- LINIT, here only the range of value of the threshold values 1-4 can be changed.	
	- <i>RLR</i> <b>n</b> . <i>L</i> , here the range of value and the alarm trigger can be changed.	
	- RLL, all alarm parameters are released.	
	- ND, all alarm parameters are locked.	

Menu level	Parameterisation level
r E E	Back to menu group level, RET:
	With <b>[P]</b> the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group levelCOD-".

### 9.4.4 Serial parameters

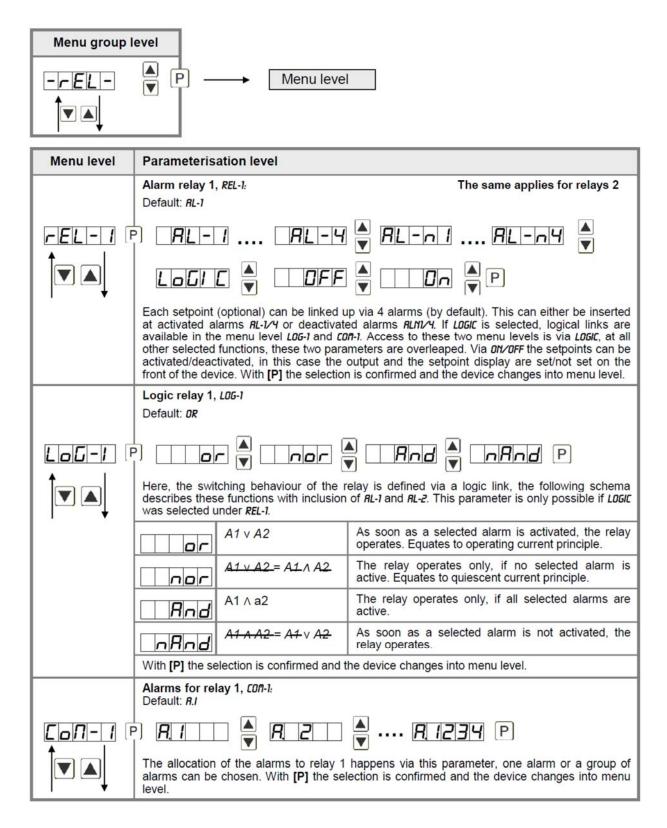


### 9.4.5 Analogue output parameters



Menu level	Parameterisation level
	Overflow behaviour, <i>D.FLDU:</i> Default: <i>EDGE</i>
<u>DFLDU</u> F	) Edge 🔺 Loend 🔺 Looff 🔺 Lonin 🗸
	To recognise and evaluate faulty signals, e.g. by a controller, the overflow behaviour of the analog output can be defined. As overflow can be seen either <i>EDGE</i> , that means the analog output runs on the set limits e.g. 4 and 20 mA, or <i>TD.DFF</i> (input value smaller than initial value, analog output switches on e.g. 4 mA), <i>TD.END</i> (higher than final value, analog output switches on e.g. 4 mA), <i>TD.END</i> (higher than final value, analog output switches on e.g. 20 mA). If <i>TD.NN</i> or <i>TD.NN</i> is set, the analog output switches on the smallest or highest possible binary value. This means that values of e.g. 0 mA, 0 VDC or values higher than 20 mA or 10 VDC can be reached. With <b>[P]</b> the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level.
rEL	Back to menu group level, RET:
28 M	With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group levelout-".

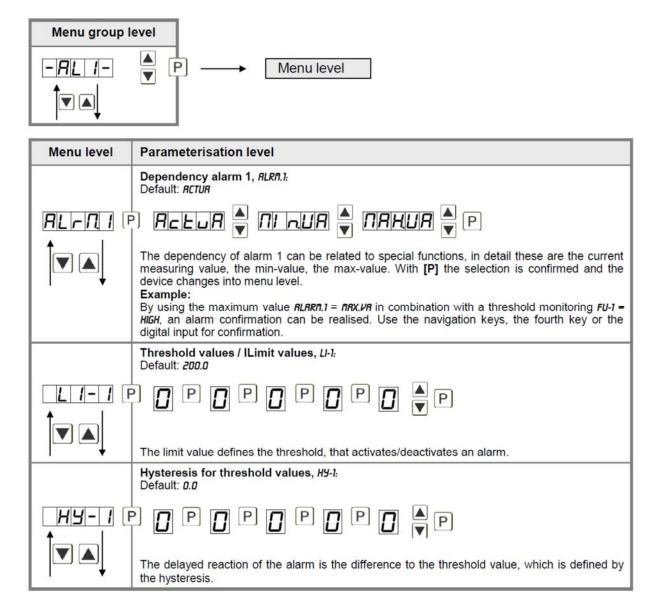
### 9.4.6 Relay functions



## DAG-M3T

Menu level	Parameterisation level
rEL	Back to menu group level, RET:
	With <b>[P]</b> the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level <b></b> REL-".

### 9.4.7 Alarm parameters



Menu level	Parameterisation level
	Function for threshold value undercut / exceedance, FU-1: Default: HIGH
Fu-1 F	
	A limit value undercut is selected with <i>LOUU</i> (for LOW = lower limit value), a limit value exceedance with <i>HIGH</i> (for HIGH = higher limit value). If e.g. limit value 1 is on a threshold level of 100 and allocated with function <i>HIGH</i> , an alarm is activated by reaching of the threshold level. If the threshold value was allocated to <i>LOU</i> , an alarm will be activated by undercutting the threshold value, as long as the hysteresis is zero.
	Switching-on delay, TON-1: Default: 000
	P P P P P P P For limit value 1 one can preset a delayed switching-on of 0-100 seconds.
	Switching-off delay, T0F-1:
1 +	For limit value 1 one can preset a delayed switching-off of 0-100 seconds.
r E E	Back to menu group level, <i>RET</i> :
↓	With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level "-RL1-".

The same applies for RL2 to RL8.

**Programming interlock RUN** Description see page 12, menu level RUN

Menu group leve	el 🛛
	P

## 10. Reset to default values

To return the unit to a **defined basic state**, a reset can be carried out to the default values.

The following procedure should be used:

- Switch off the power supply.
- Press button [P].
- Switch on the voltage supply and press button [P] until "- - - " is shown in the display.

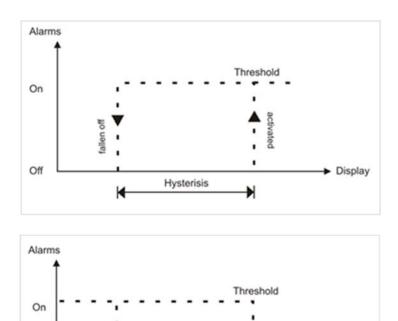
With reset, the default values of the program table are loaded and used for subsequent operation. This sets the unit back to the state in which it was delivered.

CAUTION! All application-related data are lost!

## 11. Alarms / Relays

This device has 8 virtual alarms that can monitor one limit value in regard of an undercut or exceedance. Each alarm can be allocated to an optional relay output S1-S2; furthermore, alarms can be controlled by events like e.g. min/max. value.

Function principle of alarms / relays					
Alarm / Relay x deactivated, instantaneous value or an allocation via the min/max-value					
Switching threshold	witching threshold Threshold / limit value of the change-over				
Hysteresis Broadness of the window between the switching thresholds					
Working principle Operating current / quiescent current					



activated

K

Off

JOHE.

9

Display

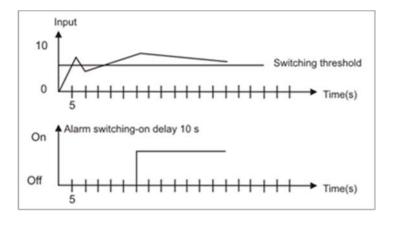
.

#### **Operating current**

By operating current the alarm S1-S2 is off below the threshold and on on reaching the threshold.

### **Quiescent current**

By quiescent current the alarm S1-S2 is on below the threshold and switched off on reaching the threshold.



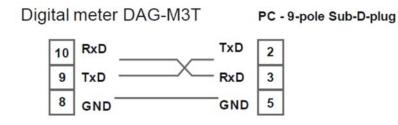
Hysterisis

#### Switching-on delay

The switching-on delay is activated via an alarm and e.g. switched 10 seconds after reaching the switching threshold, a short-term exceedance on the switching value does not cause an alarm, respectively does not cause a switching operation of the relay. The switching-off delay operates in the same way, keeps the alarm / the relay switched longer for the parameterized time.

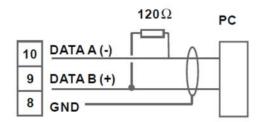
## 12. Interfaces

## **Connection RS232**



## **Connection RS485**

Digital meter DAG-M3T



The interface **RS485** is connected via a screened data line with twisted wires (Twisted-Pair). On each end of the bus segment a termination of the bus lines needs to be connected. This is necessary to ensure a secure data transfer to the bus. For this a resistance (120 Ohm) is interposed between Data B (+) and Data A (-).

## **13. Technical Information**

Operating instructions, data sheet, approvals and further information via the QR code on the device or via <u>www.kobold.com</u>

## 14. Order Codes

Operating instructions, data sheet, approvals and further information via the QR code on the device or via <u>www.kobold.com</u>

## 15. Dimensions

Operating instructions, data sheet, approvals and further information via the QR code on the device or via <u>www.kobold.com</u>

## 16. Safety advices

Please read the following safety advices and the assembly *chapter 6* before installation and keep it for future reference.

### Proper use

The **DAG-device** is designed for the evaluation and display of sensor signals.



Danger! Careless use or improper operation can result in personal injury and / or damage to the equipment

### Control of the device

The panel meters are checked before dispatch and sent out in perfect condition. Should there by any visible damage, we recommend close examination of the packaging. Please inform the supplier immediately of any damage.

#### Installation

The **DAG-device** must be installed by a suitable **qualified specialist** (e.g. with a qualification in industrial electronics).

#### Notes on installation

- There must be no magnetic or electric fields in the vicinity of the device, e.g. due to transformers, mobile phones or electrostatic discharge.
- The fuse rating of the supply should not exceed a value of 0.5 A N.B. fuse.
- Do not install **inductive consumers** (relays, solenoid valves etc.) near the device and **suppress** any interference with the aid of RC spark extinguishing combinations or free-wheeling diodes.
- Keep input, output and supply lines separate from one another and do not lay them parallel with each other. Position "go" and "return" lines next to one another. Where possible use twisted pair. So, you receive best measuring results.

- Screen off and twist sensor lines. Do not lay current-carrying lines in the vicinity. Connect the **screening on one** side on a suitable potential equalizer (normally signal ground).
- The device is not suitable for installation in areas where there is a risk of explosion.
- Any electrical connection deviating from the connection diagram can endanger human life and / or can destroy the equipment.
- The terminal area of the devices is part of the service. Here electrostatic discharge needs to be avoided. Attention! High voltages can cause dangerous body currents.
- Galvanic isolated potentials within one complex need to be placed on an appropriate point (normally earth or machines ground). So, a lower disturbance sensibility against impacted energy can be reached and dangerous potentials, that can occur long lines or due to faulty wiring, can be avoided.

## 17. Error elimination

	Error description	Measures
1.	The unit permanently indicates overflow.	<ul> <li>The input has a very high measurement, check the measuring circuit.</li> <li>The input is open</li> </ul>
2.	The unit permanently shows underflow.	<ul> <li>The input has a very low measurement, check the measuring circuit .</li> <li>The input is open</li> </ul>
3.	The word " <i>HELP</i> " lights up in the 7-segment display.	• The unit has found an error in the configuration memory. Perform a reset on the default values and reconfigure the unit according to your application.
4.	Program numbers for parameterising of the input are not accessible.	<ul> <li>Programming lock is activated</li> <li>Enter correct code</li> </ul>
5.	" <b>ERR1</b> " lights up in the 7-segment display	<ul> <li>Please contact the manufacturer if errors of this kind occur.</li> </ul>
6.	The device does not react as expected.	• If you are not sure that the device has been para-meterised before, then follow the steps as written in <i>chapter 6</i> and set it back to its delivery status.

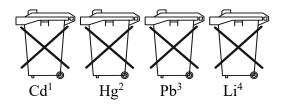
## 18. Disposal

## Note!

- Avoid environmental damage caused by media-contaminated parts
- Dispose of the device and packaging in an environmentally friendly manner
- Comply with applicable national and international disposal regulations and environmental regulations.

## **Batteries**

Batteries containing pollutants are marked with a sign consisting of a crossed-out garbage can and the chemical symbol (Cd, Hg, Li or Pb) of the heavy metal that is decisive for the classification as containing pollutants:



- 1. "Cd" stands for cadmium
- 2. "Hg" stands for mercury
- 3. "Pb" stands for lead
- 4. "Li" stands for lithium

## Electrical and electronic equipment



## **19. EU Declaration of Conformance**

We, KOBOLD Messring GmbH, Hofheim-Ts, Germany, declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

## Digital Indicator and Controller model: DAG-M3T

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the standards noted below:

## **EN 61010-1:2010+A1:2019+A1:2019/AC:2019** Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - Part 1: General requirements

## EN 61326-1:2013

Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - EMC requirements - Part 1: General requirements

**EN IEC 63000:2018** Technical documentation for the assessment of electrical and electronic products with respect to the restriction of hazardous substances

Also, the following EC guidelines are fulfilled:

2014/30/EU 2014/35/EU 2011/65/EU 2015/863/EU

EMC Directive Low Voltage Directive RoHS (category 9) Delegated Directive (RoHS III)

Hofheim, 13 April 2023

H. Volz General Manager

Poper. Willing

M. Wenzel Proxy Holder

## 20. UK Declaration of Conformity

We, KOBOLD Messring GmbH, Hofheim-Ts, Germany, declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

### Digital Indicator and Controller model: DAG-M3T

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the standards noted below:

### BS EN 61010-1:2010+A1:2019

Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use. General requirements

### BS EN 61326-1:2013

Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use. EMC requirements. General requirements

### **BS EN IEC 63000:2018**

Technical documentation for the assessment of electrical and electronic products with respect to the restriction of hazardous substances.

Also, the following UK guidelines are fulfilled:

S.I. 2016/1091 S.I. 2016/1101 S.I. 2012/3032

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016

Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016

The Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2012

ppa. Willing

Hofheim, 05 June 2023

H. Volz General Manager M. Wenzel Proxy Holder

## 21. Appendix MODBUS Device Interface

#### MODBUS Device Interface for M-Line

interface parameters: 1 Start-, 8 Daten-, 1 Stopbit, no parity, 9600 baud

Compatibility – The interface is compatible with the Modicon Modbus protocol. That is, all the registers have a size of 16-bits. Larger data types are then occupied by several registers in a row. It also supports a non-Modicon compatible mode. In this mode, each data type is only one register corresponding to the data type size (minimum is always 16-bits).

Info: Modicon - company that has produced the first PLC, now Schneider Electric

Note: Access to data types must prove the plurality of registers always be in a read-write and must not be distributed to several write accesses!

Device address: Device address as a value between 1 and 247 can be used. To address 0 multiple devices can simultaneously achieve (broadcast), if the corresponding function is supported (no reception is possible, for example device reset).

*Transfer Mode*: The devices support the RTU mode (binary data, default) and ASCII mode (alphanumeric characters - hexadecimal). The RTU mode is faster because fewer bytes but must be trans-mitted this critical time. The ASCII mode is more suitable for communication with PC based systems, since they often can not meet the time-critical conditions for the RTU mode.

Note: The device configuration with the PM tool is possible only in ASCII mode.

Name	Number range	Size	Register count Modicon mode	Register count not Modicon mode
INT08	-128127	2 Byte	1	1
UINT08	0255	2 Byte	1	1
INT16	-3276832767	2 Byte	1	1
UINT16	065535	2 Byte	1	1
INT32	-2147843648 2147843647	4 Byte	2	1
UIN32	04294967295	4 Byte	2	1
INT64	-9223372036854775808 9223372036854775807	8 Byte	4	1
FLOAT	-/+3.402823466e-/+38	4 Byte	2	1

#### Supported data types

#### Adress range

Range		Comment
hex	dec	
0x0000 0x3FFF	0 16383	Reservated (not Modicon mode)
0x4000 0x4FFF	16383 20497	16-Bit Integer without decimal place
0x5000 0x5FFF	20480 24575	Reservated
0x6000 0x6FFF	24576 28671	32-Bit Integer without decimal place
0x7000 0x7FFF	28672 32767	32-Bit Float
0x8000 0xFFFF	32768 65535	Reservated

### Supported function codes

Code (hex)	Function	Comment
0x03	READ HOLDING REGISTERS	For example measuring values or alarms
0x04	READ INPUT REGISTER	Same function like 0x03
0x08	DIAGNOSTIC	Diagnose informations
0x10	WRITE MULTIPLE REGISTERS	For example measuring values or alarms

#### Register description

Name	Index	Access mode	Min/Max- value data type	Com	nent
Measuring channel	0x4400	r/w	065535 UNIT16	User	defined identification
Alarm status	0x4500	r/33/	065535	Bit	Funktion
Alalin status	014500	1/ W	UNIT16	0	Alarm 1 active
				1	Alarm 2 active
				2	Alarm 3 active
				3	Alarm 4 active
				4	Alarm 5active
				5	Alarm 6 active
				6	Alarm 7 active
				7	Alarm 8 active
				815	Reservated
Relay status	0x4600	r/-	065535 UNIT16	Bit	Funktion
				0	Relay 1 active
				1	Relay 2 active
				2	Relay 3 active
				3	Relay 4 active
				4	Relay 5 active
				5	Relay 6 active
				6	Relay 7 active
				7	Relay 8 active
				815	reserviert
Display brightness	0x4700	r/w	015	0 = 0	dark ( lowest level )
Display Digituless	0,4700	1/W	015		pright ( highest level

Note: 4-digit display is the minimum value and the maximum value -2000 10,000.

The display area is limited to 4-digit displays from -1999 to 9999 and on 5-digit -19999 to 99999. A measured value of -20000 or 100000 (or -2000 to 10000 or 4-digit display) signalisert an underflow or overflow of the measuring range. The same is also valid if on the last digit of the display, a symbol of a unit of measurement is displayed.

Adress range 0x6000 0x6FF	F - 32 bi	t Register			
Name	Index	Access mode	Min/Max- value data type	Comment	
Time stamp Low-Word	0x6000	r/w 035999 UINT32		10ms Stepps. Reset after 1 hour.	
Time stamp I High-Word	0x6001				
Fieldvalue Low-Word	0x6002	r/- 04294967295		Field value of ADC	
Fieldvalue High-Word	0x6003		UINT32		
Prozessvalue Low-Word	0x6004	r/w	-20000100000	Process value	
Prozessvalue High-Word	0x6005	]	INT32		
Prozessvalue-Min Low-Word	0x6006	r/w	-20000100000	Minimum value	
Prozessvalue-Min High-Word	0x6007	1	INT32		
Prozessvalue-Max Low-Word	0x6008	r/w	-20000100000	Maximum value	
Prozessvalue-Max High-Word	0x6009	1	INT32		
Prozessvalue-Tot Low-Word	0x600A	r/w	-20000100000	Totalizer (displayed value)	
Prozessvalue-Tot High-Word	0x600B	1	INT32		
Prozessvalue-Hld Low-Word	0x600C	r/-	-20000100000	Hold value	
Prozessvalue-Hld High-Word	0x600D	1	INT32		
Prozessvalue-Avg Low-Word	0x600E	r/20000100000 INT32		Average value (averaging function	
Prozessvalue-Avg High-Word	0x600F				
Prozessvalue-Abs Low-Word	0x6010	r/20000100000 INT32		Absolute value	
Prozessvalue-Abs High-Word	0x6011				
Prozessvalue-Nom Low-Word	0x6012	r/w -20000100000		Nominal value, Set value	
Prozessvalue-Nom High-Word	0x6013		INT32		
Prozessvalue-Diff Low-Word	0x6014	r/20000100000		Difference value	
Prozessvalue-Diff High-Word	0x6015		INT32		
		-			
Limit alarm 1 Low-Word	0x6500	r/w	-1999999999		
Limit alarm 1 High-Word	0x6501	1	INT32		
Limit alarm 2 Low-Word	0x6502	r/w	-1999999999		
Limit alarm 2 High-Word	0x6503		INT32		
Limit alarm 3 Low-Word	0x6504	r/w	-1999999999		
Limit alarm 3 High-Word	0x6505	1	INT32		
Limit alarm 4 Low-Word	0x6506	r/w	-1999999999		
Limit alarm 4 High-Word	0x6507	1	INT32		
Limit alarm 5 Low-Word	0x6508	r/w	-1999999999		
Limit alarm 5 High-Word	0x6509	1	INT32		
Limit alarm 6 Low-Word	0x650A	r/w	-1999999999		
Limit alarm 6 High-Word	0x650B	1	INT32		
Limit alarm 7 Low-Word	0x650C	r/w	-1999999999		
Limit alarm 7 High-Word	0x650D	1	INT32		
Limit alarm 8 Low-Word	0x650E	r/w	-1999999999		

## Adress range 0x6000 .. 0x6FFF - 32 bit Register

Grenzwert Alarm 8 High-Word	0x650F		INT32		
Adressbereich 0x7000 0x7F	FF - 32 k	oit float Re	gister		
Name	Index	Zugriffs- modus	Min/Max-Wert Datentyp	Bemerkung	
Zeitstempel Low-Word	0x7000	r/-	035999 FLOAT	10ms Stepps. Reset after 1 hour.	
Zeitstempel High-Word	0x7001	]			
Prozessvalue Low-Word	0x7004	r/-	-20000100000	Field value of ADC	
Prozessvalue High-Word	0x7005	1	FLOAT		
Prozessvalue-Min Low-Word	0x7006	r/-	-20000100000	Process value	
Prozessvalue-Min High-Word	0x7007		FLOAT		
Prozessvalue-Max Low-Word	0x7008	r/-	-20000100000 FLOAT	Minimum value	
Prozessvalue-Max High-Word	0x7009	]			
Prozessvalue-Tot Low-Word	0x700A	r/-	-20000100000	Maximum value	
Prozessvalue-Tot High-Word	0x700B		FLOAT		
Prozessvalue-Hld Low-Word	0x700C	r/-	-20000100000 FLOAT	Totalizer (displayed value)	
Prozessvalue-Hld High-Word	0x700D				
Prozessvalue-Avg Low-Word	0x700E	r/-	-20000100000	Hold value	
Prozessvalue-Avg High-Word	0x700F	1	FLOAT		
Prozessvalue-Abs Low-Word	0x7010	r/-	-20000100000	Average value	
Prozessvalue-Abs High-Word	0x7011		FLOAT		
Prozessvalue-Nom Low-Word	0x6012	r/-	-20000100000	Absolute value	
Prozessvalue-Nom High-Word	0x6013	1	FLOAT		
Prozessvalue-Diff Low-Word	0x6014	r/-	-20000100000	Nominal value, Set value	
Prozessvalue-Diff High-Word	0x6015	1	FLOAT		
		-			

#### Protocol

Standard form of message:

MODBUS-RTU			
Device address	Function	Data	CRC
1 Byte	1Byte	n Bytes	2 Bytes

MODDI	JS-ASCII
NODBU	13-A301

MODBUS-ASCII					
Start	Device address	Function	Data	LRC-Wert	Ende
1.0 -	2 Zeichen	2 Zeichen	n x 2 Zeichen	2 Zeichen	'\r\n'

Note: In ASCII mode, we presented one byte with two characters in hexadecimal code ('00 .. FF ').

Massage Format:

#### Function 0x03 (Register read) - Requirements

Adresse	Funktion	Daten			Check sum		
		Start address	6	Count of regi	isters		
		High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte
0xnn	0x03	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn

### Function 0x03 (Register read) - Reply

Adresse	Funktion	Daten			Check sum					
		Count of	Registe	er n + 0	Register n + X					
		bytes nn = count register x 2	High- Byte	Low- Byte		High- Byte	Low- Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	
0xnn	0x03	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn		0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	

#### Function 0x10 (Register write) - Requirements

Adresse		Data									Check	sum
	tion	Start a	ddress	Count registe		Anzahl Bytes =	Registe	rn + 0	 Registe	ern+X		
		High- Byte	Low- Byte	High- Byte	Low- Byte	Anzahl Register x 2	High- Byte	Low- Byte	 High- Byte	Low- Byte	Low- Byte	High- Byte
0xnn	0x10	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	 0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn

Function 0x10 (Register write) - Reply

Adresse	Funktion	Data			Check sum				
		Start address	6	Count of regi	sters				
		High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte		
0xnn	0x10	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn	0xnn		

#### Examples

#### Read a 32-Bit value

MODBUS Device address 1, Index 0x6004, Register count 2, Reply value 93350 (0x00016CA6)

Telegram: MODBUS-RTU

Anforderung (Request)											
Adresse	Funktion	Data				Check sum					
		Start address	S	Count of regi	isters						
		High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte				
0x01	0x03	0x60	0x04	0x00	0x02	0xnn	0xnn				

#### Antwort (Response)

Adresse	Function	Data				Check sum		
		Count	Low-Word	ł	High-Wor	d		
		bytes	High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte
0x01	0x03	0x04	0x6C	0xA6	0x00	0x01	0xnn	0xnn

#### Telegram: MODBUS-ASCII

Reque	st													
Start	Functi	on	Data								Check	sum	End	
			Start ad	dress			Count of registers							
	High-Byte				Low-Byt	e	High-Byte Low-Byte			te				
12	'0'	'3'	'6'	'0'	'0'	'4'	'0'	'0'	'0'	'2'	'n'	'n'	CR	LF
0x3A	0x30	0x33	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x32	0xnn	0xnn	0x0D	0x0A

#### Response

	Start	Functi	on	Data										Check	sum	End	
			Anzahl				Low-Word High-Word										
			Bytes			High-Byte Low-Byte			High-Byte Low-Byte			yte					
	12	'0'	'3'	'0'	'4'	'6'	'C'	'A'	'6'	'0'	'0'	'0'	'1'	'n'	'n'	CR	LF
	0x3A	0x30	0x33	0x30	0x34	0x36	0x43	0x41	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x31	0xnn	0xnn	0x0D	0x0A

Write a 32-Bit Wertes

MODBUS Device address 1, Register index 0x6004, Count of registers 2, value 91696 (0x00016630)

Protokoll: MODBUS-RTU

1	Request												
	Address		Data									Check sum	
	tion		Startadresse		Anzahl Register		Count Bytes	Low-W	ord	High-W	ord		
			High- Byte	Low- Byte	High- Byte	Low- Byte		High- Byte	Low- Byte	High- Byte	Low- Byte	Low- Byte	High- Byte
[	0x01	0x10	0x60	0x04	0x00	0x02	0x04	0x66	0x30	0x00	0x01	0xnn	0xnn

Response	
----------	--

Α	ddress		Data				Check	sum
		tion	Start address					
			High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	Low- Byte	High- Byte
	0x01	0x10	0x60	0x02	0x00	0x02	0xnn	0xnn

*Note:* Note that the Modicon compatible mode, with the 16-bit value of the register address (index), number of registers and register contents, always the high byte is first passported. In contrast, the low word is transmitted first with 32-bit values. This is handled for the FLOAT data type as.

#### Error codes

Modbus - The Modbus protocol provides for the transmission of error code in some cases.

Fehlercode	Beschreibung		
0x01	0x01 Error code is not supported		
0x02	Register address or index is not supported		
0x03 Data error			
0x04 General device error			

If the checksum is faulty, the device sends no response to the request. This behavior is to generate a timeout on the opposite side.

Response	esponse				
Address	Function	Error Number	Check sum		
			Low-Byte	High-Byte	
0x01	0x83	0x04	0xnn	0xnn	

An error is indicated by a set bit 7 in the function code in the response.

#### **Device diagnostics**

#### **Diagnostic functions**

Sub function	Data	Comment		
0x0000	0x0000	Echo connection test		
0x0001	0x0000	Start device initialization		
	0x0001	Reset device		
0x0002	0x0000	Request diagnostic register (see below)		
0x000A	0x0000	Reset all diagnostic registers		
0x000B	0x0000	Request count of communications		
0x000C	0x0000	Request count of check sum errors		
0x000D	0x0000	Request count of request errors		
0x000E	0x0000	Request the total count of request messages		
0x000F	0x0000	Request the count of broadcast request messages		
0x0010	0x0000	like 0x000D		
0x0012	0x0000	Request count of check sum overruns		
0x0014	0x0000	Reset count of check sum overruns		

#### Request / Antwort Response – Diagnostic functions

Address	Function	Data				Check sum	
		Sub function		Data			
		High-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte	Low-Byte	Low-Byte	High-Byte
0x01	0x08	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0xnn	0xnn

#### Diagnostic register

Bit number	Der Comment			
0	Time out during data request message			
1	Measure range overrun			
215 Reserved				

Note: The bits in the Diagnostic register remain set until they are by sending the subfunction 0x000A reset.