Electric Actuator - NE for model: KUA



acc. to annex VI of the Directive 2006/42/EC



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Manufactured and sold by:

Kobold Messring GmbH Nordring 22-24 D-65719 Hofheim Tel.: +49 (0)6192-2990 Fax: +49(0)6192-23398 E-Mail: info.de@kobold.com Internet: www.kobold.com

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1 Foreword

Dear customer, Dear assembler / user,

These mounting and operating manual are intended to give you the knowledge which is necessary for you to be able to carry out the mounting and adjustment of an **NE actuator** rapidly and correctly.



Please read these instructions carefully and pay particular attention to the advice and warning notes!

The actuators NE are supplied in various versions, depending on

- the actuating time for 90° rotation angle of the output drive shaft
- the operating voltage and
- the max. revolutions of the output drive shaft.

In addition optional extensions are available.

In case of the event of a power failure the output drive shaft of the actuator **NE** can be adjusted by the manual override.

The field of use of these actuators are predominantly

- in industrial fittings
- in chemical installations
- in ventilation and blower construction
- in heating and air-conditioning technology
- in machine and plant construction
- in water treatment, etc.

If you have any question in relation to the **actuator NE** we shall be pleased to answer them. The telephone number will be found on the inside front cover of these mounting and operation manual.

2 General advice

2.1 Validity

The mounting and operating manual is valid for the standard versions of the $\ensuremath{\textbf{electric}}$ actuators $\ensuremath{\textbf{NE}}$.

2.2 Inward monitoring

Please check directly after delivery the actuator for any transport damage and defiencies with reference to the accompanying delivery note the number of the parts.

Do not leave any parts in the package.

2.3 Complains

Claims for the replacement of goods which relate to transport damage can only be considered valid if the parcel service / forwarder has notified without delay.

In case of returns (because of transport damage / repairs), please make a damage protocol and send the parts back, please only on consultation with the sales department, to the manufacturer, if possible in the original packaging.

In case of a return, please mention the following:

- Name and address of the consignee
- Ordering- / Article- number
- Description of the defect.

2.4 Guarantee

For our actuators **NE** we give a guarantee period in accordance with the sales contract.

The end of the normal duration of life of the wearing parts represents no defect.

The warranty and guarantee rules of KOBOLD Messring GmbH are applicable.

2.5 Symbols and their signification



Paragraphs which are identified with this symbol contain very important advices, this also includes advices for everything health risks. Observe this paragraphs without fail!



Paragraphs which are identified with this symbol contain important advices, this also includes how to avoid damage to property. Observe these paragraphs without fail!



This symbols indicates paragraphs which contain comments / advices or tips.



This spanner identifies the description of actions which you should carry out.

3 Safety advice

Depending on the technical circumstances and the time under and at which the electric actuator is mounted, adjusted and commissioned, in each case you have to take into account particular safety aspects

If, for example, the actuator actuates a slide in an operational chemical plant, the potential hazards of commissioning have another dimension from that when this is only being carried out for test purposes on a "drv" part of the plant in the assembly room.

Since we do not know the circumstances at the time of mounting / adjusting / commissioning you may find advice on hazards in the following description which are not relevant to you. Please observe (only) the advice which applies to your situation!



The actuators must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Directive 2006/42/EC on machinery, where appropriate.

3.1 Personal protection

3.1.1 Safety advice for mounting



We wish to point out expressly that the mounting, the electrical installation and the adjustment of the actuator NE and the accessories must be carried out only by trained specialised personnel having mechanical and electrical knowledge.

Switch off all the devices / machines / plant affected by mounting or repair. If appropriate, isolate the devices / machines / plant from the mains.

Check (for example in chemical plants) whether switching off the devices / machines / plant will cause potential danger.

If appropriate, in the event of a fault in the actuator (in a plant which is in operation), inform the shift foreman / safety engineer or the works manager without delay about the fault, in order, for example, to avoid an outflow / overflow of chemicals or the discharge of gases in good time by means of suitable measures.

Before mounting or repair, remove the pressure from the pneumatic / hydraulic devices / machines / plant.



If necessary, set up warning signs in order to prevent the inadvertant starting up of the devices / machines / plant.



Observe the respective relevant professional safety and accident prevention regulations when carrying out the mounting / repair work.



Before electrical installation of the actuator, check the voltage-free state of all lines to be connected

3.1.2 Safety advice for adjustment and starting



As a result of the starting (electrically or by hand) of the actuator, the position of a slide / valve / flap or the like on which it is flange-mounted - referred to below as the actuating element - will be changed!



Satisfy yourself that, as a result of the starting or the test adjustments on the actuator, no potential hazards will be produced for personnel or the environment!



If necessary set up warning signs in order to prevent the inadvertent starting up or shutting down of the devices / machines / plant!



After completing the adjustment, check the correct function and, if appropriate, compliance with ${\mathbb C}$ the intended angular position of the actuator and the function of the switches of the adjusted to the angular positions!



C Check the function of the end position switches.

Check whether the actuating element is actually 100 per cent closed when the controller signals the corresponding end stop.

Through suitable measures, prevent that limbs being trapped by moving actuating elements!





Carry out the starting or the adjustment only in accordance with the instructions described in this documentation!



In case of adjustments on an actuator which is open and switched on (ready to use), there is a risk that live parts can be touched.



The adjustments must therefore be carried out only by an electrician or a person having adequate training, who is aware of the potential hazard.

3.2 Device safety



The electric actuator ${\rm NE}$

- is a quality product which is produced in accordance with the recognized industrial regulations
- and which has left the manufactures work in a perfect safety condition.



In order to maintain this condition, as installer / user you must carry out your task in accordance with the descriptions of these instructions, technically correctly and with the greatest possible precision.

We assume that you have, as a trained specialist, sound mechanical and electrical knowledge!



The actuator must be used only for the purpose corresponding to its construction.

The actuator must be used only within the values specified in the technical data.

)))

Satisfy yourself that, as a result of the mounting, the starting or as the result of the test adjustments on the actuator, no potential hazards will be produced for devices / machines / plant!



Conot mount the actuator, start the actuator or carry out any adjustments on it, if the actuator, the supply lines or the part of the plant on which the it is flange-mounted is damaged!

Before mounting the actuator, check the free running of the actuating element.

Before the electrical installation of the actuator, check that all the lines to connected are voltagefree.



After completing the mounting or the adjustments, check the correct function and, if appropriate, compliance with the intended angular position of the actuator and also the function of the switches adjusted to the angular positions.



If the actuator is used in the open air, check, on an approximately six monthly cycle, that the device is dry on the inside.



After fitting the housing cover, tighten the cross-point screws for fixing the housing cover with a torque screwdriver.

On this regard, observe the torque specified in chapter 8.3.



Do not use any abrasive, caustic or flammable cleaning aids for cleaning the housing, or any high pressure cleaning devices.

4 Device description

4.1 Device description

4.1.1 Device description NE05



Fig. 4.1 - actuator NE05 front-/ rear

Device description

4.1.2 Device description NE06...NE100



4.2

Internal parts Internal parts NE05 4.2.1



Fig. 4.3 - Internal parts NE05

4.2.2 Internal parts NE06...NE100



Fig. 4.3 - Internal parts NE06...NE100

4.3 Device variants

4.3.1 Ordering example and Performance

Dimensions and Order Details (example: KUA-KAR 150)

Α	Order no.	Order no.	D	L	t	м	н	0	Р	Q	R
[inch]	230 V _{AC}	$24 V_{DC}$	[mm]								
1/2	KUA-KAR 150	KUA-KAR 153	15	65	17	16	193	72	168	132	148
3/4	KUA-KAR 200	KUA-KAR 203	20	75	19	19	201	72	168	132	148
1	KUA-KAR 250	KUA-KAR 253	24	86	21	23	208	72	168	132	148
1¼	KUA-KAR 320	KUA-KAR 323	30	95	22	28	218	72	168	132	148
1½	KUA-KAR 400	KUA-KAR 403	38	100	22	35	239	72	168	132	148
2	KUA-KAR 500	KUA-KAR 503	47	120	25	42	253	72	168	132	148

Performance actuator

	24	٧		230 V			
Torque	Operating time 90°	Current	Operating time 90° 60/50 Hz	Current	Motor class 24 V/230 V	Hand wheel turns	Weight
[Nm]	[s]	[A]	[s]	[A]	[W]		[kg]
50	1214	1.8	14/17	0.24	55	6	2.8

Order Details (example: KUA-ZAR 150)

 A
 Order no. 230 V_{AC}
 Order no. 24 V_{DC}

 [inch]
 Female thread
 Weld ends
 Female thread
 Weld ends

 ½
 KUA-ZAR 150
 KUA-ZAW 150
 KUA-ZAR 153
 KUA-ZAW 153

 ¾
 KUA-ZAR 200
 KUA-ZAW 200
 KUA-ZAW 203
 KUA-ZAW 203

 1
 KUA-ZAR 250
 KUA-ZAW 250
 KUA-ZAW 253
 KUA-ZAW 253

 1¼
 KUA-ZAR 320
 KUA-ZAW 250
 KUA-ZAW 253
 KUA-ZAW 253

 1½
 KUA-ZAR 400
 KUA-ZAW 403
 KUA-ZAW 403
 KUA-ZAW 403

 1½
 KUA-ZAR 500
 KUA-ZAW 403
 KUA-ZAW 403
 KUA-ZAW 403
 KUA-ZAW 503

 2
 KUA-ZAR 500
 KUA-ZAW 500
 KUA-ZAW 503
 KUA-ZAW 503

Dimensions (Ball valve in standard version)

DN	L	М	н	W	-	J	Q	Р	0	R
[mm]										
15	75	22.5	213	168	72	96	132	66	66	80
20	80	27.2	220	168	72	96	132	66	66	80
25	90	30.3	233	168	72	96	132	66	66	80
32	110	26.9	245	168	72	96	132	66	66	80
40	120	40.6	263	168	72	96	132	66	66	80
50	140	50.1	281	168	72	96	132	66	66	80

Performance actuator

	24	1 V		230 V			
Torque	Operating time 90°	Current	Operating time 90° 60/50 Hz	Current	Motor class	Hand wheel turns	Weight
[Nm]	[s]	[A]	[s]	[A]	[W]		[kg]
50	1417	1.8	14/17	0.23	6	6	2.8

Order Details (example: KUA-PD T 1 R15 0)

Order no.	3-way version	Position (see above)	Connection size	Voltage
	T = T-bore	1 = standard 2 = 3 = 4 =	R15 = G½ R20 = G¾	0 = 230 V _{AC}
KUA-PD	L = L-bore	5 = standard 6 = 7 =	R25 = G 1 R32 = G 1 ¹ / ₄	$3 = 24 V_{DC}$

Performance actuator

	24	V		230 V			
Torque	Operating time 90°	Current	Operating time 90° 60/50 Hz	Current	Motor class 24 V/230 V	Hand wheel turns	Weight
[Nm]	[s]	[A]	[s]	[A]	[W]		[kg]
50	1417	1.8	14/17	0.24	15/6	6	2.8

Device description

Dimensions and Order Details (example: KUA-VOF 250)

DN	Order no.	Order no.	ØD	L	М	н	Т	w	Z	х
	230 V _{AC}	24 V _{DC}								
[mm]			[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
25	KUA-VOF 250	KUA-VOF 253	25	125	57.5	246.5	42	132	168	72
32	KUA-VOF 320	KUA-VOF 323	32	130	70.0	254.5	47	132	168	72
40	KUA-VOF 400	KUA-VOF 403	40	140	75.0	285.5	49	132	168	72
50	KUA-VOF 500	KUA-VOF 503	50	150	82.5	291.5	52	132	168	72

Performance actuator

	24	V		230 V			
Torque	Operating time 90°	Current	Operating time 90° 60/50 Hz	Current	Motor class	Hand wheel turns	Weight
[Nm]	[s]	[A]	[s]	[A]	[W]		[kg]
50	1417	1.8	14/17	0.23	6	6	2.8

Dimensions and Order Details (example: KUA-VKF 150)

Flange	Order no.	Order no.	м	L	н	w	I	J	Q	Р	0	R
DN	230 V _{AC}	24 V _{pc}										
[mm]			[mm]									
15	KUA-VKF 150	KUA-VKF 153	45.0	35.0	265	132	66	66	168	72	96	80
20	KUA-VKF 200	KUA-VKF 203	50.0	40.0	274	132	66	66	168	72	96	80
25	KUA-VKF 250	KUA-VKF 253	55.0	46.0	285	132	66	66	168	72	96	80
32	KUA-VKF 320	KUA-VKF 323	65.0	54.0	301	132	66	66	168	72	96	80
40	KUA-VKF 400	KUA-VKF 403	75.0	63.5	337	132	66	66	168	72	96	80
50	KUA-VKF 500	KUA-VKF 503	82.5	82.0	353	132	66	66	168	72	96	80

Performance actuator

	24	V		230 V			
Torque	Operating time 90°	Current	Operating time 90° 60/50 Hz	Current	Motor class	Hand wheel turns	Weight
[Nm]	[s]	[A]	[s]	[A]	[W]		[kg]
50	1417	1.8	14/17	0.23	6	6	2.8

4.4 Name-plate

The actuators will be provided with a name-plate, which permits a definite identification of the actuator and shows the most important technical data to you. The name-plate should not been displaced or changed

Туре	type of actuator (NA is the same type as NE)
Serial No.:	serial number of the actuator
Wiring No.:	number of the nominal wiring diagram
Motor:	nominal power supply [A]
Supply:	nominal voltage [V]
Options:	mounted additional options

4.5 Ambient conditions

The electric actuators NE are designed suitable for following conditions

Ambient temperature:	-20°C up to max. +70°C
Max. medium temperature:	max. 120°C
Relative humidity:	< 90%



The use of the actuators NE outside the specified characteristic values can have a negative influence on the functional reliability of the actuator.

Mounting outdoors only after request. The actuators must be protected from environmental influences (e.g. UV radiation, frost, humidity).

5 Ambient conditions

The actuators NE are designed for rough operating conditions. However, some special conditions are to be observed for its mounting and subsequent operation.

Take care that



- the actuator is used in accordance with the characteristic values specified on the name-plate or in the separate data sheet.
- mounting of the outdoors only after request.
- the actuators must be protected from environmental influences (e.g. UV radiation, frost, humidity).

The non-observance of the mounting advice or use outside the specified characteristic values can have a negative influence on the functional reliability of the actuator.



The use of the actuator under the influence of radioactive radiation may take place only after discussions with the manufacturer

6 Assembly instructions

The mounting of the actuator NE is restricted to

- the mechanical mounting of the actuator on the part of the devices / machines / plant which contains the actuating element, and
- the connection of the actuator to the motor drive and control lines.

The actuator may be mounted in any desired position.



In the following description, we assume that you have carefully read the previous chapters and that you will observe the safety advice and the warning notes in chapter 3 "safety advice" during the mounting / disassembly work.

If you have not yet read chapter 3 "safety advice" please do so now and then return to this point!

The mounting and the electrical installation may be carried out only by trained specialist personnel with sound mechanical and electrical knowledge.

The mechanical mounting is identical in all variants.



The **electrical installation** is different, depending on the type of drive an equipment. Therefore, for the electrical installation, observe the wiring diagrams at the end of these mounting and operating manual



6.1 Mechanical mounting



Fig. 6.1 - Mechanical mounting



Before mounting the actuator on the actuating element check the right position of the actuator and the actuating element. It means that both have to be in a open or close position.

Guide the actuator with the mounting surface against the part of the devices / machines in such a way that the fitting of the actuating element penetrates into the opening output drive shaft (1).

Take care, that all mechanical stops of for both ends of travel limits of the actuating element are displaced.

Push the actuator so far towards the mounting position that it rests flat on the fastening surface .

Fasten the actuator with fit screws.

Notice! The measurement of the threaded holes (2) and of the screw-hole circles are according to IS05211. (See also chapter 11 "Technical data")

In addition to the direct mounting of the actuator, it can also be mounted on the part of the devices / machines with the aid of an adapter.

6.2 **Electrical Installation**

6.2.1 Removing of the housing cover



Fig. 6.2 -electrical installation - removing of the housing cover



=C Loosen the four screws (2) with an Allen key (1) and pull the housing cover hard to remove it!

For assistance, you can insert a screwdriver a few millimetres between housing cover and housing and lever the cover open ...

Do not damage the cover and/or the sealing rubber in the process. In this case, the degree of protection IP 67 would no longer be ensured!

6.2.2 Stripping and connecting the cables / leads



Take care that all leads which have to be stripped and connected during the installation work have all their poles isolated from the power supply.

When stripping leads which are live, there is a risk of a life-threatening shock..

Remove the sheaths of the motor drive cable and the control cable and the insulation from the leads in accordance with figure 6.3.



In the case of leads with stranded conductors, provide the ends in each case with a wire end sleeve.



Fig. 6.3 -electrical installation - stripping of the cables / leads

Dead the cable for the motor and the cable for the limit switches through the PG screw fittings.

Feed the stripped ends of the leads into the terminals as far as the stop and then tighten them. The assignment of the connections can be seen from the wiring diagrams at the end of these mounting and operation manual.



Fig. 6.4 -electrical installation



Please be sure that the voltage of the power supply must be in accordance with the specification of the name-plate (see chapter 4.4)). Connect cables with the terminal according to the wiring diagram and do not miss to connect two ground earth (Internal one marked by sticker, outer is between the mechanical bolt stops (see figure 7.5).



Ensure that no bare wires protrude from the terminals and thus produce the risk of a shock or of a short circuit.

Tighten the PG screw fittings so firmly that the strain relief becomes effective and the cable lead
 through corresponds to the predefined degree of protection (IP67).



Bend the leads in the actuator such that they are not trapped when the housing cover is fitted.



C Lay the cables to their starting positions (as appropriate, in conduits or cable ducts).



Ensure that the cables are not crushed or sheared and that they are not under pressure or tension..



Do not lay the control cable parallel to other cables which lead to high-power loads. Powerful electromagnetic fields could induce currents in the control lines which may possibly lead to malfunctions.

)___(

Connect the control lines to the deactivated controller first and then the motor drive lines (power supply) to the power supply, with all poles switched off.



 \subset Close the actuator again.



Ensure that the circumferential rubber sealing ring in the housing is not damaged and correctly
 seated in the groove.



Fit the housing cover and screw it tight using the 4 screws. For this, observe chapter 8.5 "Fitting the housing cover".



Fig. 6.5 -electrical installation - protective earth

6.3 Disassembly



Although the disassembly of an actuator in principle proceeds in the reverse sequence to the mounting, some essential points should be clarified before.

Will the actuator to be disassembled replaced immediately by another? If not, in which position should the actuating element be following the disassembly?



Must the actuating element be fixed in its intended position?

If appropriate, does the production process of the plant need to be stopped?

Is it necessary to inform specific personnel about the disassembly?

6.3.1 Electrical disassembly



Using the actuator, rotate the actuating element into the intended position!

Switch off all the poles of the power supply and the controller of the actuator.



If necessary, set up warning signs in order to prevent

- the inadvertent starting up of the part of the devices / machines / plant which is affected by the disassembly, or

- the switching on of the power supply / the controller of the actuator.



Open the housing cover by loosening the screws and pulling the housing cover hard to remove it. On this point , see 6.2.1 "Removing the housing cover".

 \precsim Loosen the screws of the terminals and pull the leads out of the terminals.



C Loosen the PG screw fittings and pull the cables out of the device.

Insulate the bare lead ends if the cables are not also being disassembled or are not to be immediately reconnected to another actuator.

6.3.2 Mechanical disassembly



Loosen the four screws of the actuator and pull the actuator from the mounting position. Please
 refer to the figure 6.1



If appropriate, screw the housing cover back on. On this point, observe chapter 7.5 "Fitting the housing cover".

This completes the disassembly of the actuator

7 Adjustment / Starting

Before you open the actuator, make adjustments by hand or start operating it you must have read chapter :



→ 3 "Safety advice"

If you have not yet done this, read this important advice now and then return to this point.



Ensure that no liquid, moisture or any foreign bodies (sand, dust or the like) get into the open actuator

The following descriptions are based on the assumption that

- the actuator is installed on the device or the part of the plant which contains the actuating element,

- the housing cover is fastened to the actuator.



If appropriate, please observe chapter

6 "Mounting / disassembly"

on this point.

In order to carry out the adjustments - you must remove the housing cover. On this point, see

►► 6.2.1 "Removing the housing cover"

- it is necessary to move the output drive shaft and , as a result, the actuating element and the cam disc. This can be done both via the electric drive and via the hand adjustment. In the foll-wing text, we will describe the electric method. The manual adjustment of the actuating element is explained under

■► 8 "Emergency operation"

7.1 Adjustments



 Please turn to the wiring diagram at the end of these instructions. There you will find the components and terminals listed in the description.



Before you make adjustments to or changes to the settings on actuators which are installed in plants that are ready to operate, please find out whether (for example applying the motor drive voltage (power supply) for left / right operation) will influence further actuators or whether closing / opening microswitches will trigger (mal-)functions of other devices.



Ensure that no (mal-)functions of further parts of the plant will be triggered by these adjustments or changes (for example by disconnecting lines or by changes to cabling).



For the adjustments described below, in each case apply the motor drive voltage (power supply) to the terminals of the actuator only until the intended rotational movement has been carried out, and then isolate all the poles of the power supply from the terminals again.

By using the name-plate determine the voltage level and type of motor drive voltage. For this, see

4.3 "Device variants"



7.2 Check of the rotating direction of the actuator

When the electric actuator NE is operated for the first time, most important thing is to check the correct rotating direction of the motor. Otherwise, it may cause big damages to actuator

Put the position of the actuating element at 45 degree by using the actuator or the handwheel.
 By using the handwheel, please see chapter: 8 "Manual override".



Push the Open or Close switch for approx. 3 seconds and check the rotating direction of the actuating element.



 \Rightarrow If the rotating direction of the actuating element is reverse, stop the actuator immediately and check the wiring. (see chapter 11: "Technical data")

- 7.3 Adjustment of the limit switches
- 7.3.1 Adjustment of the limit switches at actuator NE05
- 7.3.1.1 Adjustment of the limit switch "CLOSE"



Fig. 7.1 -Adjustment of the limit switch "CLOSE"



In case of an actuator which is open and ready to operate, when tools are being used (for example small screwdrivers, forceps, etc.) there is the risk that you may touch live parts (up to 230V AC) and thus receive a shock.



Close the actuating element. Loosen the screw (1) of the lower switch cam (2). Adjust the switch cam to contact the lower micro switch (3). If the mechanical stop bolt interrupt the setting of the close limit switch, turn the mechanical stop bolt 2 turns counter clockwise from the close position and tighten it . Please see also: 7.3.3 Adjustment of the mechanical stop bolts.



After adjusting the switch cam (2), fix the cam with the screw(1).



C After the adjustment of the limit switch "CLOSE", fully open the actuating element.



Now the adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN" could effect. (How to do you will find in chapter: 7.3.2 Adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN" at page 26.)



After the adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN", close the actuating element again. Now you can adjust the additional limit switch "CLOSE".



C Loosen the screw (4) of the switch cam (5). Adjust the switch cam to contact the micro switch(6).



 \mathcal{C} After adjusting the switch cam, fix the cam with the screw (4).

Open the actuating element to carry out the work, described at chapter: 7.3.2 Adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN", on page 26, to adjust the additional limit switch "OPEN".



7.3.1.2 Adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN"

Fig. 7.2 - Adjustment of the limit switch "AUF"



In case of an actuator which is open and ready to operate, when tools are being used (for example small screwdrivers, forceps, etc.) there is the risk that you may touch live parts (up to 230V AC) and thus receive a shock.

Open the actuating element. Loosen the screw (1) of the upper switch cam (2). Adjust the upper switch cam (3) to contact the upper micro switch. If the mechanical stop bolt interrupt the setting of the open limit switch, turn the mechanical stop bolt 2 turns counter clockwise from the open position and tighten it. Please see also chapter: 7.3.3 Adjustment of the mechanical stop bolt.



C After adjusting the switch cam (2), fix the cam with the screw (1).



C After the adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN" close the actuating element.





After the adjustment of the additional limit switch "CLOSE", open the actuating element again. Now you can adjust the additional limit switch "OPEN".

 \equiv Loosen the screw (4) of the switch cam (5). Adjust the switch cam to contact the micro switch (6).





Now after the adjustment of the electrical limit switches you could carry out the work described at chapter: **7.3.3 Adjustment of the mechanical stop**, on page 29.

7.3.2 Adjustment of the limit switches at actuator NE06 ... NE1000

7.3.2.1 Adjustment of the limit switch "CLOSE"



Fig. 7.3 -Adjustment of the limit switch "CLOSE"



In case of an actuator which is open and ready to operate, when tools are being used (for example small screwdrivers, forceps, etc.) there is the risk that you may touch live parts (up to 230V AC) and thus receive a shock.

Close the actuating element. Loosen the screw (1) of the lower switch cam (2). Adjust the switch cam to contact the lower micro switch (3). If the mechanical stop bolt interrupt the setting of the close limit switch, turn the mechanical stop bolt 2 turns counter clockwise from the close position and tighten it . Please see also: **7.3.3 Adjustment of the mechanical stop bolts**.



After adjusting the switch cam (2), fix the cam with the screw (1).



C After the adjustment of the limit switch "CLOSE", fully open the actuating element.



Now the adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN" could effect. (How to do you will find in chapter: **7.3.2 Adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN"** at page 28.)



After the adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN", close the actuating element again. Now you can adjust the additional limit switch "CLOSE".



C Loosen the screw (4) of the switch cam (5). Adjust the switch cam to contact the micro switch (6).



After adjusting the switch cam, fix the cam with the screw (4).

Open the actuating element to carry out the work, described at chapter: **7.3.2 Adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN"**, on page 28, to adjust the additional limit switch "OPEN".

7.3.2.2 Adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN"



Fig. 87.4 - Adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN"



In case of an actuator which is open and ready to operate, when tools are being used (for example small screwdrivers, forceps, etc.) there is the risk that you may touch live parts (up to 230V AC) and thus receive a shock.

Open the actuating element. Loosen the screw (1) of the upper switch cam (2). Adjust the upper switch cam (3) to contact the upper micro switch. If the mechanical stop bolt interrupt the setting of the open limit switch, turn the mechanical stop bolt 2 turns counter clockwise from the open position and tighten it. Please see also chapter: **7.3.3 Adjustment of the mechanical stop bolt**.



After adjusting the switch cam (2), fix the cam with the screw (1).



C After the adjustment of the limit switch "OPEN" close the actuating element.





After the adjustment of the additional limit switch "CLOSE", open the actuating element again. Now you can adjust the additional limit switch "OPEN".

Loosen the screw (4) of the switch cam (5). Adjust the switch cam to contact the micro switch (6).





Now after the adjustment of the electrical limit switches you could carry out the work described at chapter: **7.3.3 Adjustment of the mechanical stop** ,on page 29.



7.3.3 Adjustment of the mechanical stop bolts

Fig. 7.3 - Adjustment of the mechanical stop bolts



Both bolts (1+2) are only be used as mechanical limit switches in the position "OPEN" (bolt 2) and the position "CLOSE" (bolt 1). To guarantee a safe operation of the electrical actuator NE the totally removement of the mechanical stop bolts is not allowed.



The adjustment of the mechanical stop bolts takes place after the adjustment of the electrical limit switches. If the setting of the electrical limit switches is interrupted by the mechanical limit switches loosen the counter nuts (3) of the stop bolts (1+2) and turn them 2 turns counter clockwise from their position.



Bring the electric actuator with the mounted actuating element to the limit position "OPEN" and turn the stop bolt (2) clockwise until you reach the end stop. Then you have to turn the stop bolt (2) counter clockwise for a 1/2 turn. Tighten the stop bolt by turning the counter nut. Now the adjustment of the mechanical stop bolt "OPEN" is finished.



To adjust the end stop of the position "CLOSE" bring the electric actuator with the mounted actuating element to the limit position "CLOSE" and turn the stop bolt (1) clockwise until you reach the end stop. Then you have to turn the stop bolt (1) counter clockwise for a 1/2 turn. Tighten the stop bolt by turning the counter nut. Now the adjustment of the mechanical stop bolt "CLOSE" is finished. 7.4 Adjustment of the torque switch

Generally speaking, it is not necessary to adjust the torque switches because the switches are already set by the factory before delivery.



If necessary to reset the torque switches, please contact the manufacturer for the actuator before doing so.



The torque switches are set by special precision measuring devices to protect the actuator and the actuating element. If the reset is done without any consulting with the manufacturer the quality can not be guaranteed any longer. The wrench bolts fastening the torque switches are marked by red paint.



7.5 Mounting of the housing cover

Fig. 7.4 -Mounting of the housing cover



Before you mount the housing cover onto the actuator, check whether

- the switching cams of the mircoswitches for the end stops,

- the switching cams of the auxiliary switches for angular positions between the end stops are set correctly.

- the actuating element is actually 100 percent closed when the controller indicates the corresponding end stop.

- the position indicator is correctly adjusted.
- the connecting leads are correctly screwed tightly in the terminals.

Ensure that

- the leads are not trapped between the housing and the housing cover and
- the circumferential rubber sealing ring in the housing is not damaged and correctly seated in the groove.



Place the housing cover onto the actuator. Tighten the screws (2) of the housing cover by using an allen key.

Attention! The maximum torque of the body screws are 0,5 Nm!

7.6 Starting



Before you start the actuator you must have read the chapter

→ 3 "Safety advice"

If you have not yet done so, read this important advice now and then return to this point.

The starting of an actuator which is mounted on a plant that is ready to operate (for example in a refinery or in a plant in the chemical industry) must be carried out



- only in compliance with the plant-specific regulations

- only after the adjustments / operation described in sections



have been carried out.



Drive the actuator via the controller or by hand and check the correct functioning of the actuator, the microswitches and the actuating element.

8 Emergency Operation (Manual override)



Fig. 8.1 - Manual override

In the case of power or controller failure or a fault in the actuator, in order to be able to adjust the actuating element in an emergency, the actuator has the capability for manual adjustment.



At actuators with long acting time (e.g. 100s at 90° rotation angle) a high manual torque will be necessary.

If necessary, inform the shift foreman / safety engineer or the works manager about the disturbance without delay in order, for example, to avoid an outflow / overflow of chemicals or a discharge of gases in good time by mean of suitable measures.



 ${f C}\,$ Take care about the turning direction of manual override.



At actuator **Type NE05** put a fit allen key in the end of the gear shaft. If you want to close the actuating element, you have to turn the allen key clockwise. To open the actuating element you have to turn the allen key counter clockwise.



By ending the manual operation you have to remove the allen key from the gear shaft to prevent the injury of persons or the damage of the actuator by normal operation of the electric actuator.



At the actuators **Type NE06 - NE250** you have to turn the declutching lever clockwise for quarter turn first. After being locked with the clutch, turn the handwheel to direction of either "OPEN" or "CLOSE". To open the actuating element you have to turn the handwheel counter clockwise. To close the actuating element you have to turn the handwheel clockwise.



By ending the manual operation of the actuator and supplying electricity the actuator automatically returns from manual to electrical operation modus.

9 Faults



If, during the test run or during operation, a functional fault of the actuator should occur, you are requested to carry out the adjustment to the actuating element (in an emergency) by hand. For this observe

■► 8 "Emergency operation"



If necessary inform the shift foremen / safety engineer or the works manger about the disturbance without delay in order, for example , to avoid an outflow / overflow of chemicals or a discharge of gases in good time by means of suitable measures.

Next using the following list, attempt to find the reason for the causes of the fault and if it lies within your capabilities, to correct this.

Do not, however, carry out any repairs on the actuator!



Isolate the defective actuator from the power supply!

In the event of a defect in the actuator, make contact with the manufacturer. The telephone number will be found on the inside front cover of these mounting and operation manual.

9.1 Fault causes

- Is the power supply to the actuator and to the controller switched on?
- Is the controller supplying the necessary signals?
- Are the leads from the controller to the actuator undamaged ?
- Is the actuator correctly flange-mounted to the actuating element ?
- Does the actuating element move freely?
- Are the end stop switching cams set correctly?
- Are the other switching cams set correctly?
- Are the leads in the terminal connected correctly and screwed tight?
- Can the actuating element be rotated into the end positions by means of the manual adjusment of the actuator?

10 Maintenance / Cleaning

10.1 Maintenance

The actuators of the series NE are maintenance free.

Check on an approximately sixmonthly cycle, that the device is dry inside, at least after 1/2 year.



In the case of an actuator which is open and ready to operate, when tools are being used (for example small screwdrivers, forcepts, etc.) there is the risk that you may touch live parts (up to 230V AC) and thus receive a shock.

In the event of a defect in the actuator, make contact with the manufacturer. The telephone number will be found on the inside front cover of these mounting and operating instructions.

Open the housing cover by loosening the 4 screws and pulling the housing cover hard to remove it. In this context, see:

----- 6.2.1 "Removing the housing cover"

 \Longrightarrow If you find moisture in the interior of the device, attempt to find the cause for this and eliminate it.

- Is the moisture condensation?
- Is the circumferential rubber sealing ring damaged?
- Do the metric screw fittings leak?
 - Are there cracks in the housing or the housing cover?



If you determine that there is damage to the actuator, isolate the device from the power supply. However, before doing this, it is essential to refer to chapter:



10.2 Cleaning



Clean the housing of the actuator as required using a slightly moistened, soft cloth and a normal household cleaner.

Do not use any abrasive, corrosive or flammable cleaning agents.



Do not use any high-pressure cleaning devices.

Prevent moisture or liquid penetrating into the interior of the device.

11 Technical data

11.1 Dimensional drawing NE05



Fig. 11.1 - Dimensional drawing NE05

Technical data

11.2 Dimensional drawing NE06...NE100







Fig. 11.3 - Dimensional drawing NE150...NE250

Technical data

11.4 Wiring diagram for actuator NE05 230V AC







Fig. 11.5 - Wiring diagram for actuator NE05 - 24V AC/DC

Technical data

1.6 Wiring diagram for actuator NE06...NE09 - 230V AC



11.7 Wiring diagram for actuator NE15...NE250 - 230V AC



Technical data

11.8 Wiring diagram for actuator NE06...NE09 - 24V DC



11.9 Wiring diagram for actuator NE15...NE28 - 24V DC



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1'. Disposal

Note!

- Avoid environmental damage caused by media-contaminated parts
- Dispose of the device and packaging in an environmentally friendly manner
- Comply with applicable national and international disposal regulations and environmental regulations.

Batteries

Batteries containing pollutants are marked with a sign consisting of a crossed-out garbage can and the chemical symbol (Cd, Hg, Li or Pb) of the heavy metal that is decisive for the classification as containing pollutants:



- 1. "Cd" stands for cadmium
- 2. "Hg" stands for mercury
- 3. "Pb" stands for lead
- 4. "Li" stands for lithium

Electrical and electronic equipment



14. EU Declaration of Conformance

We, KOBOLD Messring GmbH, Nordring 22-24, 65719 Hofheim, Germany, declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

Ball Valves with Electrical Actuator Model: KUA

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the following EU directives stated below:

2014/35/EU	Low Voltage Directive	
2014/30/EU	EMC Directive	
2011/65/EU	RoHS (category 9)	
2015/863/EU	Delegated Directive (RoHS III)	

According 2014/68/EU PED (Pressure Equipment Directive):

	acc. Article 4 Paragraph (3), "Sound Engineering Practice", no CE mark	2014/68/EU PED, CE mark
KUA-KA, 1¼"2"		Х
KUA-KA ½"1"	Х	
KUA-ZA, 1¼"2"		Х
KUA-ZA, ¼"1", DN10DN25	X	
KUA-PD, 1¼"		Х
KUA-PD, ½"1"	Х	
KUA-VO, DN32DN50		Х
KUA-VO, DN25	X	
KUA-VK, DN32DN50		Х
KUA-VK, DN15DN25	X	

Also, the following standards are fulfilled:

EN ISO 12100:2011-03

Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction

EN 60204-1:2014-10

Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements

EN 15714-2:2010-2

Industrial valves - Actuators - Part 2: Electric actuators for industrial valves -Basic requirements

Hofheim, 10 Jan. 2024

H. Volz

J. Burke General Manager Compliance Manager